

Sulte (*Canad.-Fran.*, t. vii., p. 130) mentions one Abbé Parent among Canadian priests in 1775, as ordained in 1757. No information is available which will explain the allusions in the text.

28 (p. 113).—An English translation of the letter here mentioned is published in *Researches* (as cited in *note 26, ante*), p. 36. It was written by J. F. Hubert, then bishop of Quebec, and is dated Feb. 28, 1791; it reads as follows: "I learn from different sources that your health is so feeble as to leave no hope for your recovery. Everybody gives you but a short time to live, and you yourself are, they say, the only one who does not perceive your danger. . . . Think, then, I pray you, of that moment of death, so terrible even to the greatest saints. Put your affairs in order, look over your papers, &c., for you cannot doubt that in the event of your death an inventory of everything will be made and possession will be taken. I have not yet heard of your having fulfilled the promise which you made last year; think of it, I beg of you, if it be still unfulfilled. This is my advice to you; my reluctance to offer it is great, but charity and duty impel me to do so. When it shall please God to close your career, I hope you may die the death of the saints. You know how to obtain that favor; make use of your knowledge without delay."

29 (p. 117).—Charles le Moyne (also written Lemoine; a grandson of the noted Montreal pioneer of the same name—vol. xxvii., *note 10*), second baron de Longueuil, was born Oct. 18, 1687. In 1720 he married Catherine Charlotte le Gouès, by whom he had eighteen children. Like other members of his house, he was a noted military officer; in 1726 he was commandant at Niagara, and later at Montreal—of which city he was governor from 1749 until his death, which occurred there on Jan. 19, 1755. From February to July, 1752, Longueuil acted as governor of Canada, during the interim between the death of La Jonquière and the arrival of Duquesne.

Pierre de Rigault (Rigaud), marquis de Vaudreuil, was born Nov. 22, 1698, and was a son of the Vaudreuil who governed Canada from 1703 to 1725. At the age of thirty-five he married Louise Fleury d'Eschambault, by whom he had five children. In 1733 he was appointed governor of Three Rivers, a post which he held during ten years. He was governor of Louisiana from May, 1743 to February, 1753; at the latter date he went to France, whence he returned in June, 1755, as governor of Canada, holding that dignity until the conquest (1760). Vaudreuil went to France in 1760, and was among those accused and tried with Bigot (vol. lxix., *note 27*), but was acquitted of guilt. He died in 1764.

30 (p. 118).—The intendant Bégon desired to return to France as early as 1723; but Robert, his successor appointed by the govern-